

Information Article



Relevance:

## **Family Assistance Type Legislation and its Impact on Airlines**

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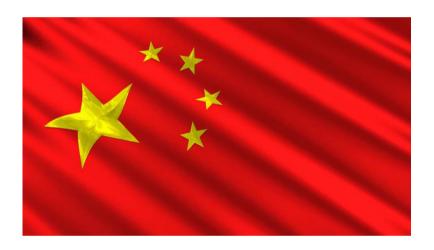
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# Peoples Republic of China

## Legislation related to (Aircraft Accident Related) Family Assistance Ops



Dated - 01 JANUARY 2006





#### Provisions on Emergency Response and Family Assistance Relating to Civil Aircraft Flight Accidents

Promulgation date: 07 October 2005 Effective date: 01 January 2006

Department: CIVIL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION OF CHINA

Subject: AVIATION

#### **Order of Civil Aviation Administration of China** (No. 155)

The Provisions on Emergency Response and Family Assistance Relating to Civil Aircraft Flight Accidents (CCAR-399) were adopted at the executive meeting of the Civil Aviation Administration of China on 31 August 2005

They are hereby promulgated and shall come into force as of 01 January 2006

Director Yang Yuanyuan - 07 October 2005

Chapter I

#### **General Provisions**

#### Article 1

For the purposes of enhancing the abilities to respond to civil aircraft flight accidents together with alleviating associated injuries and providing victims, survivors, missing persons and their families with necessary assistance - these Provisions are formulated in accordance with the Civil Aviation Law of the People's Republic of China, the Work Safety Law of the People's Republic of China and the relevant provisions of the State Council

#### Article 2

These Provisions shall apply to serious accidents occurring to aircraft engaging in commercial operations under CCAR121 and CCAA-135 within the territory of the People's Republic of China (excluding Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, Macao Special Administrative Region, and Taiwan Region) - and shall be investigated by the civil aviation administrative department of the State Council - with extremely severe civil aircraft flight being investigated upon authorization of the State Council

## Article 3

The following terms, as mentioned in these Provisions, are defined as follows:

The term "civil aircraft flight accident" refers to an accident which occurs during the course of public air transport associated with the operation of an aircraft - between the time any person boards the aircraft with the intention of flight and such time as all persons have disembarked, in which a person is killed or injured



- The term "serious or extremely severe civil aircraft flight accident" refers to a serious or extremely severe civil aircraft flight accident as defined according to the Grades of Civil Aircraft Flight Accidents (National Standards GB14648-93)
- The term "accident handling and coordinating team" refers to an organization or institution (as designated by the National Command for Handling Flight Accidents in accordance with the National Emergency Plan for Handling Civil Aircraft Flight Accidents) which shall be responsible for coordinating and acting as a liaison for the public aircraft transport enterprise to which a civil aircraft flight accident happened together with the victims, survivors, missing persons and their families, involved in the accident concerned as well as other government departments and institutions so as to offer assistance to the victims, survivors, missing persons and their families
- The term "victim" refers to any person whose death is directly caused by a civil aircraft flight
  accident, including the crew, passengers holding transport vouchers, free passengers, as well
  as the third party ('ground victims' for latter)
- The term "survivor" refers to any person who survives because he / she has not suffered from a fatal injury
- The term "missing person" refers to any person missing as directly caused by a civil aircraft flight
- The term "family members" refers to those persons who are the spouses, children, parents, brothers, sisters and grandparents of any victim, survivor or missing person involved in a civil aircraft flight accident

The Civil Aviation Administration of China (CAAC) shall be responsible for the supervision and inspection of emergency responses and family assistance relating to civil aircraft flight accidents, urging the formulation and execution of assistance plans for the members of the pubic air transport enterprises - and performing other duties, in accordance with the National Emergency Plan for Handling Civil Aircraft Flight Accidents

The *regional* administrative bureau of civil aviation of China (hereinafter referred to as the RABCA) and its dispatched institutions / components shall, within their respective jurisdiction, assist in the work of emergency response and family assistance relating to civil aircraft flight accidents

#### Article 5

An immediate reporting system shall be adopted for civil aircraft flight accidents to public (civil) aviation transport enterprises (companies). An accident report shall be made in a timely and accurate manner. No one may conceal, report any false information about or delay the reporting of any accident



The work of emergency response to a civil aircraft flight accident shall comply with the policy of focusing on the prevention and being always on the alert - whilst observing the principles of unified leadership and coordination, performing one's own duties, making a response in a timely manner and strengthening cooperation

## Article 7

The family assistance task shall provide the victims, survivors, missing persons and their families with material and spiritual help by complying with the basic principle of timeliness, facilitation and humaneness

#### Chapter II

#### **Accident Reporting**

#### Article 8

After the occurrence of a civil aircraft flight accident, the entity or individual who discovers an accident shall lose no time in reporting the accident to the CAAC, the local RABCA or its dispatched institution / component - and the local people's government. As soon as the local RABCA etc. receives the report of an accident, it shall report it to the CAAC, maintain effective contact with the CAAC and simultaneously notify the local people's government of the accident

After the people's government (of the location where the accident occurs) receives the relevant information about an accident, it shall, according to the relevant provisions, report it to the superior people's government and the local RABCA or its dispatched institution

#### Article 9

In the event that air traffic control loses contact with a civil aircraft within the prescribed time period, it shall report the situation to the CAAC as soon as possible

## Article 10

As soon as the CAAC receives an accident report, it shall report to the State Council, Work Safety Supervisory and Administrative department and News Publicity Administrative Department of the State Council, and shall properly complete the follow-up reporting work

#### Article 11

The RABCA of the location where a civil aircraft flight accident occurs and the public air transport enterprise to which the accident occurs shall, within the prescribed time limit, complete the initial accident reporting form and submit it to the relevant departments

The date of report, departments to which the report is made, and contents to be reported shall comply with the National Emergency Plan for Handling Civil Aircraft Flight Accidents, the Provisions on the Administration Civil Aviation Safety Information as well as their annexes





After the public air transport enterprise in which a civil aircraft flight accident occurs has reported the accident, if the number of casualties changes or if any other new circumstance occurs, it shall continue to report such change and new circumstance in a timely manner

#### Chapter III

#### **Emergency Preparations and Responses of Government Departments**

### Article 13

After a civil aircraft flight accident occurs, the CAAC shall, according to the authorization of the State Council and the relevant provisions of the National Emergency Plan for Handling Civil Aircraft Flight Accidents, be responsible for organizing, coordinating and guiding the emergency handling of response, organize the accident investigation in pursuance of the relevant provisions of the state - and shall be responsible for inspecting, supervising and coordinating family assistance work

#### Article 14

The CAAC shall take effective measures to prevent civil aviation aircraft flight accidents, control the consequences thereof, stabilize air transport and resume normal operations as soon as possible

#### Article 15

The CAAC shall, according to the National Emergency Plan for Handling Civil Aircraft Flight Accidents and, within the scope of its own functions, formulate its emergency plan for handling civil aircraft flight accidents. An emergency plan shall cover:

- Composition of the emergency handling command and control team and the duties of the relevant departments
- Civil aircraft flight accident information reporting system, including the information gathering, analysis, reporting and circulating
- Emergency response to civil aircraft flight accidents
- Emergency safe-guarding against civil aircraft flight accidents
- Follow-up handling of a civil aircraft flight accident
- Information distribution system for civil aviation aircraft flight accidents ...... and
- Other relevant matters

#### Article 16

A RABCA or each of its dispatched institutions shall, in light of actual circumstances within its own region, formulate an emergency plan for civil aircraft flight accidents occurring in this region and submit to the CAAC for approval





An emergency plan for civil aircraft flight accidents shall be periodically revised and supplemented according to the changes of the objective circumstances - as well as the problems found in the execution thereof

#### Article 18

After a civil aircraft flight accident occurs, the CAAC and the RABCA shall promptly activate the emergency plan in light of the circumstances of the accident

#### Article 19

When the CAAC activates the emergency plan for civil aircraft flight accidents, it shall, within the scope of its own functions, simultaneously organize the relevant persons to deploy to the site of the accident without delay - and participle in the accident rescue work so as to avoid heavier losses

#### Article 20

After activation of an emergency plan to which these Provisions apply, the National Command for Handling Flight Accidents shall designate an accident handling and coordinating team as soon as possible, which shall be responsible for coordinating the emergency handling of the accident response, *coordinate the liaison between the public air transport enterprise and the families* - and help the accident investigation team to carry out the investigation work

#### Article 21

The accident handling and coordinating team shall publicize its telephone number and contact information so as to:

- obtain more information about the accident
- obtain more information about victims, survivors and missing persons
- identity authentication work and accident investigation as well as other relevant information......and
- facilitate families contact

#### Article 22

The accident handling and coordinating team shall be empowered to demand the public air transport enterprise in which a civil aircraft flight accident occurs to provide information about the persons on board the aircraft. The public air transport enterprise shall provide it with such information at once

#### Article 23

The accident handling and coordinating team shall, jointly with the public air transport enterprise, be empowered to inspect the logistic assistance work relating to the families of the victims, survivors and missing persons, including the safety, quality of the facilities and equipment in their lodging places - and the protection of the privacy of the families







The accident handling and coordinating team, the public air transport enterprise to which the civil aircraft flight accident occurs and the people's government of the place where the accident happens shall form a joint center for family assistance so as to coordinate the services and activities relating to the families

## Article 25

The accident handling and coordinating team shall maintain contact with the public air transport enterprise to which the civil aircraft flight accident occurs so as to obtain timely information about the progress in making contact with the families of the victims, survivors and missing persons

## Article 26

The accident handling and coordinating team shall organize and convene a coordination meeting (in a timely manner), which shall be attended by the representatives of the public air transport enterprise to which the civil aircraft flight accident occurs and the people's government of the place where the accident happens, so as to solve the relevant problems and adjust the family assistance work in good time

#### Article 27

The accident handling and coordinating team shall offer (in a timely manner) the necessary information to the families of any confirmed victim, survivor or missing person - so as to facilitate their access to the relevant information

#### Article 28

The accident handling and coordinating team shall announce the relevant information about the family assistance by the proper (appropriate) means

## Chapter IV

#### Public Air Transport Enterprise's Emergency Response and Family Assistance Tasks

#### Article 29

After the occurrence of a civil aircraft flight accident, the public air transport enterprise shall provide the families of the victims, survivors and missing persons involved in an accident with material and mental (psychosocial) assistance

## Article 30

A public air transport enterprise shall formulate an emergency plan for civil aircraft flight accident, and shall organize an annual emergency drill so as to (identify and) correct the potential problems in the emergency plan



The public air transport enterprise shall submit a family assistance plan to the CAAC, which shall cover:

- a telephone number(s) which is rapidly available after the civil aircraft flight accident occurs, and a name list of the well-trained persons who are capable of handling the phone calls of the families of the passengers
- the procedure for giving timely notice to the families of the passengers
- the channel for offering to the competent authority the information about the persons aboard the aircraft as well as for updating such information
- the promise to negotiate with the family of each passenger about the disposition of the remains and personal effects of the victim
- the promise to train, where necessary, its personnel and agents so as to address the needs of the families of victims, survivors and missing persons involved in the accident
- a compensation plan
- procedures and organization for handling the funeral affairs etc. of the victims...... and
- the promise to commit sufficient resources to carry out this plan

For any change to the family assistance plan, the public air transport enterprise shall report it to the CAAC within 10 days after the change

#### Article 32

As soon as the public air transport enterprise learns of a civil aircraft flight accident, it shall activate its emergency plan immediately and shall report the situation to the CAAC as soon as possible

The accident reporting information of a public air transport enterprise shall not only comply with the requirements as mentioned in Article 11 of these Provisions, but also provide the following information:

- 1. The emergency response measures taken after the occurrence of the accident
- 2. Main contact information, including the name and contact information of the general director for the onsite handling of the accident
- 3. The name, telephone number and location of the designated hotels for providing assistance to the families
- 4. The name and contact information of the persons who are responsible for providing the information of persons aboard the aircraft
- 5. The name and contact information of the persons who are responsible for notifying the families...... and
- 6. Other information relating to the accident







The public air transport enterprise shall immediately announce the telephone number available for the inquiries of the families of the victims, survivors and missing persons

## Article 34

The public air transport enterprise shall, as soon as possible, make initial notification to the family members of the victims, survivors and missing persons - and shall (as required) correct the information about the persons aboard the aircraft after verifying it against the boarding documents (and update previous notifications as required)

#### Article 35

A public air transport enterprise shall provide the accident coordinating team with a copy of the verified information about the persons aboard the aircraft, and shall make reports of further (subsequent) verified information

## Article 36

A public air transport enterprise shall provide assistance to the families of the victims, survivors and missing persons - which shall include:

- 1. Providing transport support to family members to travel to and from the site of the accident
- 2. Providing necessary logistical support to the family members such as lodging, place of / for associated activities / functions etc.
- 3. Assigning trained personnel to provide family members with mental conciliation (psychological first aid)
- 4. Providing the victims, survivors and missing persons and their families with necessary medical health support
- 5. Providing necessary funds to carry out the family assistance tasks...... and
- 6. Providing any other assistance required relating to the civil aircraft flight accident

The pubic air transport enterprise shall be responsible for the abovementioned assistance expenses

#### Article 37

A public air transport enterprise shall publicize the progress of contacting the families so as to further contact the (any other) families of the victims, survivors and missing persons in a timely manner

## Article 38

Where any foreign passenger(s) is involved in a civil aircraft flight accident, the public air transport enterprise shall report (in a timely manner) the necessary information about him /her / them to the accident coordinating team - so as to enable the foreign affairs department to contact the relevant foreign embassy in a timely manner







#### Chapter V

## **Emergency Response of Civil Airport**

#### Article 39

After a civil aircraft flight accident occurs within the bounds of a civil transport airport (hereinafter referred to as *the airport*) or its adjacent area, efforts shall be made to organize rescue work at the accident location

#### Article 40

An airport shall make a rapid response to any civil aircraft flight accident that occurs on-airport or its adjacent area, take appropriate measures to avoid or reduce casualties as well as property losses, and shall provide necessary assistance for the public air transport enterprise (airline involved etc.) to carry out rescue and assistance tasks

The term "on-airport or its adjacent area" refers to the area within the enclosure of the airport plus the area within a distance of 8 kilometers from the airport (aerodrome) reference point

## Article 41

The administrative department of an airport shall formulate an airport emergency plan and shall be responsible for the overall coordination of the emergency rescue tasks for civil aircraft flight accidents that occur within the airport and its adjacent area

The airport emergency plan shall be submitted to the CAAC or the RABCA for approval. Any modifications to it shall be similarly reported for approval

## Article 42

The administrative department of an airport shall regularly organize emergency drills, for which the objectives shall comply with the relevant provisions

#### Article 43

An airport shall establish an airport emergency rescue leading team - composed of the local people's government, the RABCA, administrative department of the airport, air traffic regulatory department, public air transport enterprise (airline etc.) and other, appropriate entities stationed at this airport.

This team is responsible for the organization and coordination of the emergency rescue tasks for the civil aircraft flight accidents occurring at the airport or its adjacent area

### Article 44

After an aircraft accident occurs within an airport or its adjacent area, the airport emergency rescue leading team shall organize and carry out rescue, and shall arrange rescue resources by coordinating the fire prevention, medical, public security and other departments of the airport





The administrative department of an airport shall help any airline experiencing a relevant / associated accident - to carry out family assistance tasks, such as facilitating transportation, lodging, etc.

#### Article 46

During the course of an emergency rescue, the entities participating in the emergency rescue shall protect the site of the accident and the relevant evidence. They shall avoid moving any aircraft wreckage, fallouts and remains of the victims (where possible)

If it is necessary to move (any of the above e.g. to save life and / or to preserve evidence) at the site of accident, the site shall be photographed, videotaped or marked, a sketch of the site shall be drawn and transcripts shall be made

For any operating parts and / or injured and killed persons within the cabin of the aircraft, before it is moved, it (he) shall be photographed, a sketch shall be drawn and transcripts shall be made.

#### Chapter VI

## **Supplementary Provisions**

## Article 47

These Provisions shall come into force as of 01 January 2006

## Article 48

Other civil aircraft flight accidents which are not prescribed in these Provisions shall be governed by these Provisions - as appropriate to actual circumstances 'on the day'

#### Article 49

A public air transport enterprise which has obtained a business operation permit prior to the 'coming into effect' of these Provisions shall submit a family assistance plan to the CAAC according to these Provisions within 180 days after these Provisions come into effect

Any applicant that files an application for a public air transport enterprise business operation permit after these provisions come into effect shall submit such a plan when it submits the aforesaid application

## Article 50

Any matter which relates to the handling of civil aircraft flight accidents but is not specifically prescribed by these Provisions shall be addressed in pursuance of the pertinent provisions of the state







#### **ICAO - Family Assistance Website**

Around late 2018 ICAO introduced a webpage dedicated to 'Assistance to Aircraft Accident Victims and their Families'

The information found via this webpage is really good (particularly some of the 'family assistance' presentations) and well worth reading by all those having an interest here. (One comes from China)

You can find the website at:

https://www.icao.int/Security/FAL/ANNEX9/Pages/AssistancetoAircraftAccidentVictimsFamilies.aspx

You can find the Chinese presentation at:

https://www.icao.int/Meetings/anconf13/Documents/Presentations/family-assistance-side-meeting/Family%20Assistance Presentation 14.pdf